WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR SUNDAY, - Fair weather, winds variable, slightly warmer.

If a thousand Gentlemen should desire to purchase

Te-Day at the

we could accommodate every one, so vast is our stock of this health preserving garment, and in this mammoth exhibit we could also, without doubt, supply every taste, and conform to the amount to be expended in this direction. Every Department fully stocked at the WHEN

...AND...

PIANOS

Largest stock of First-Class instruments evar exhibited in this city.

TERMS and PRICES beyond competition.

THEO.PFAFFLIN&CO

82 and 84 Rorth Pennsylvania St.

Tuning, repairing and moving Pianos done Promptly. Satisfaction quaranteed.

Reduction in the Price of Gas! Notice to Gas Consumers and Others.

Your attention is called to the marked reduction in the price of gas, which took effect on the 1st day of March. The Company is now furnishing cay of March. The Company is now furnishing pas to all consumers at \$1.80 per 1,000 cubic feet. This price is certainly within the reach of all, for both lighting and cooking purposes. The convenience and comfort of cooking by gas, especially during the summer mouths, where a fire is not otherwise required, can only be thoroughly appreciated by those who have had experience in its useful application for that purpose. The Company has sold for use in this city during the last four years a large number of gas stoves, and is our years a large number of gas stoves, and is atiated from the many testimonials from its atrons, that these stoves "fill a long felt want."

STOVES AND GAS ENGINES FOR SALE AT COST.

Gasoline Stoves changed to Gas Stoves

Indianapolis Gas-Light and Coke Co. No. 47 South Pennsylvania Street. S. D. PRAY, Secretary,

2 1 s. Extra C Sugar, \$1. 15 ibs Granulated Sugar, \$1. I lb. choice Evaporated Peaches, 15c. 6%c per lb. for Kingan's Shoulders. he per lb. for all kinds of Preserves. Se per lb. for all kinds of Jellys. Se per lb. for Apple nutter. Oc per lb for choice Country Butter. for 16 lb. can Mustard Sardine 25c for a cans 1/4 lb O I Sardines.
25c per doz. for new crop Holland Herring.
25c per lb. for roasted Mocho and Java blended.
25c per lb. for roast J va Coffee.
16c per qt. for bulk Mustard or Chowchow. c perqt. for Sweet or Sour Mixed Pickles. c for 3 cans of Mackerel. c for 3 cans of Salmon. 40c for 10 lb. kit No. 3 Mackerel.
60c for 10 lb. kit No. 2 large fat Mackerel.
40c for 10 lb. kit Family White Fish.
75c for ½ bbl. Family White Fish.
Big cut in Teas, 25 different kinds to choose

NOTICE-I have moved across the street from old stand. Postal orders delivered. M WILLIAMS. 299 South Illinois street.

The Latest and Most Improved Single Generator

In the market. Lights Like Gas, and every burner a working burner. No fourth or auxiliary burner required. Saves 25 per cent, on fuel.

See Before Buying. M. PURSELL & SON

84 East Washington St.

GENERAL NEWS.

News From Alaska - Several Appointmerts-Treasury Statement of Assets and Liabilities, Etc.

Nothing Developed to Elucidate the Trunk Mystery-The Victim Identified as Pietro Caruso.

INTERESTING NATIONAL NEWS.

Commander Nichols' Report From Alaska to the Navy Department-Appointments, Etc.

WASHINGTON, May 2 - Lieutenant Commander Nichols, commanding the Piuta, writes to the Navy Department from Sitka, Alaska, under date of March 31, and says in part: "The Chilicots are emewhat uneasy and say they will have no more white men among them. There has been a great feal of hoochines among them this winter. They save threatened the white men, but have comnitted no avert set, and probably will not, though they have not the fear of war that some of the rest have, owing to the fect that their village is about seventy miles above the river bar and is only accessible by cances. The Russian citizens of this place and the missionaries are having some trouble owing to the alleged encroachments of the missionaries on land claimed to be within the town limits. It has culminated in an injunction forbidding the missionaries to do further work until the case can be decided at the May term of the District Court. At Hoonyah I heard of a case of witchcraft. During the winter a man and a woman were tied up and allowed to starve to death. The authors of it were appar-The Comptroller of the Currency to-day appointed Kent Hayden, of Omaha, to be a National Bank Examiner. He will be assigned to the District of Kansas and Nebraska. The President to day appointed J. Ernest Meiere, of Colors do, to be Cousul of the United states at

The President to-day appointed Horatio B. owry to be Quartermaster in the United States arine Corps, with the rank of Major, and Richard S. Collum to be Assistant Quartermaster, with the rank of Captain ent to day appointed the following anmed Presidential Postmasters: E. H. Porter, at Bowling Green, Ky., vice William E. Hobbs, resigned: William Weeks, at Wauseon, O., vice Conley E Guilfork, commission ex-James Mckinna, at Susquehanna, Isane Jones, commission ex-R. Parsball, at Fairbault, Minn. Leavens, commission expired; D. W. Scrapton, Pa . vice E. C. Fuller, commission expired: James B. Hutchison, Hazelton, Ps., vice James James, commission expired: Thomas H. Bayless, Hope. Ark., vice T. M. Humphrey, suspended: John H. Golden, Minonk, Iil., vice M. A. Cushing, commission expiring resigned; B. S. Howell, Watertown, Wits vice J. T. Mark. H. S. Howell, Watertown, Wis., vice J. T. Meek, commission expired; John B. Largins, Pittsburg, Ps., vice William H. McCleary, resigned: William Brown, Lake Geneva. Wis., vice Charles A. Noves. resigned; Thomas J. Seamans, Wabash, Ind., vice

Daniel Sayre, resigned.

John H. Oberly, of Illinois, has been appointed Inspector in the Indian Bureau. Mr. Oberly is Chairman of the Illinois Democratic State Com-The Secretary of the Treasury to-day appointed Thomas S. Farrow, of South Carolina, and Alonzo P. Dickerson, of New Jersey, to be chiefs of divisions in the Sixth Anditor's Office, vice William Gunnison, of Maryland, and Thomas Elwoods, of llinois, suspended.

Statement of the Assets and Liabilities of the United States Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 2.- The following statement shows the assets and liabilities of the Treasury from the returns latest received from the several Assistant Treasurers, mints and assay offices of the

	United States and national bank depositories:			
	Gold coln	\$177,427,877 65,734,817	2	
	Total gold coin,	\$248,162,194	8	
1	Sliver standard dollars	159,441,034 4,042,186	8	
	Total silver coin	\$163,488,220	8	
	United States notes	46,865,690 2,148,627	0	
	fractional currency redermed One and two dollar notes redeemed Interest, checks and coupons paid National bank notes in process of re-	13,931,289 3,825 351 866,631		
Ì	demption	5,972,032		
l	Assets not available minus coin Fractional silver coin	893,583	0	
Ī	Total	507,701,906	8	
Į	Gold certificates. Less amount on hand	153,860,090 28,625,290	0	
j	Total	125,234 800	4	
	Cilman continues and	* ** ***	-	

Fractional silver coin	30,944,098	81
Total	307,701,906	83
Gold certificates. Less amount on hand	153,860,090 28,625,290	00
Total	125,234 800	10
Sliver certicflates. Less amount on hand	141.585,086 34,141,140	00
Total	109,443,946	00
Certificates of depositLess amount on hand	25,450,000 50 000	
Total	\$25,400,000	00
Public debt and interest, interest due and unpaid	2,236,969 4,746,085 238,790 3,535 17,489	26 98 6 0
States notes, acts of the year 1875 and the year 1882. Fund held for redemption of notes of national tanks failed, in liqui- dation and reducing circulation		00
al gold bank notes	135,594	00
Five per cent, fund for redemption of national bank notes. Postoffice Department account. Disbursing officer's balance. Undistributed assets of failed na-	26,206,354	21
Currency and minor coin redema-	543,074	
tion account	10,475	41

Fractional silver coin redemption ac 71,793 70 Interest account Louisville and Fortland Canal Company. 690 03 Treasurer's transfer cheeks and drafts outstanding. Treasurer United States, agent for paying interest on District of Columbia bonds..... 83,333 34 Total. ...\$451,986,888 4 BALANCES. 117,927,394 81 54,039,274 86 Net United States notes 21,445,691 08 National bank notes. 2,148,627 67 Deposits in national bank deposi-13,951,289 29 \$209,532,276 41 RECAPITULATION. Liabilities ..

. 451,986,883 46 ...\$ 55,795 018 The United States Treasurer new holds in United States bonds to secure national bank cir-culation as follows: \$315.027 450 currency; 6s, \$3.520,060: 4)4 per cents, \$18.607,550: 4 per cents. \$117,667,550: 8 per cents., \$145,232,350. United States bonds held by the frequirer to secure money in National bank depos-to-day, \$16,740,000 as follows: currency 6s, \$120,000 436 per cents, \$183,000; 4 per cents, \$7,272,000; 3 per cents, \$7,483,000; U. S. bonds deposited to secure circula-tion during the week ending to-day, \$53,000; U. S. bonds to secure circulation withdrawn during the week ending to-day, \$340 000; national bank circulation outstanding, currency, \$320,386,556; 1 notes, \$450 039. The receipts from internal revenue to-day were \$616,421, and from customs \$465,600, the receipts of national bank notes for redemption during the week enging to-day compared with the corres-

..\$1,734,000

135,000

ponding period of last year were as follows: \$2,028 000

ducing circulation is \$19,573,770; banks in liquidation, \$16,957,923; failed banks, \$967,119; making a total fund of \$37,498,812. The following is a statement of United States currency outstanding at the close of business

Old demand notes..... United States notes, all issues........ 346,681,016 00 28,885 00 9,760 00 One-year notes of 1863...... Two-year notes of 1863. Two-year coupon notes of 1863,..... Compound interest notes..... 204,970 00 Fractional currency, all issues 15,342,092 21

PITTSBURG TRUNK MYSTERY.

Fort Wayne Baggagemen Unable to Furn.

ish Any Reliable Clew.

CHICAGO, May 2 -The employes in the Pitts burg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Baggageroom at the Union Depot can furnish no clew that promises to lead to the identification of the person or persons who shipped the trunk containing a dead body to Pittsburg. One of the baggagemen said: "We check so many trunks here every day that it would be simply impossible for us to remember anything concerning them or the person to whom they belong, unless there should be something unusual happen at the time to attract our attention. An ordinary man weighs from 130 to 150 pounds and his body could be packed in a trunk very cassiy. As we handle many trunks that contain baggage weighing from 150 to 200 pounds, we could not have our suspicious aroused

clude that it contained a corpse, and would call the attention of the authorities to it. All I know about the trunk in question is that it left here at 3:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon on the regular passenger train, and was checked through to Pittsburg. It was an ordinary packing trunk. One of our men thinks it was brought here in an express wagon before noon by three Italians, and that it was the first trunk checked for the 3:15 train. This, however, is only a supposition upon The detectives here are making a thorough investigation of the mystery, but as yet have no in-

because the trunk seemed heavy. Of course, if a

formation to impart. The Body Identified as Pietro Caruso, a

Former Peanut Vender. at the Union Station in this city yesterda . The body has been lying at Flannerie's undertakingroom, and during the morning a large number of Italians viewed the remains, but no one could identify them. The detectives here are endeavoring to follow a clew obtained this morning. A finished man answering the description of one of the parties who checked the trunk at Chicago was seen at Union Station last evening just before the trunk was opened, but he disappeared and has not yet been found. The body will be buried this

This afternoon Mrs. Bonistalli, the wife of a mithfield street itslian confectioner, identified the remains as those of her brother, Pletro Caruso, a former peanut vender of this city, who went to Chicago several years ago. Although the corpse was very much bloated, and almost black, she is quite sure that it is her brother. Antonio Sablino. who viewed the corpse a short time afterward, also recognized it as the body of Caruso. He said that he worked with deceased on a railroad near Chicago for a year. He was always regarded as a pesceable man and was never known to pick a quarrel with any one.

The Victim Baried.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 2.- The remains of Carauso. the trunk victim, were buried this afternoon, in the Union Dale Cemetery. It is now believe I he was chloroformed and placed in the trunk, and died of suffocation The fact that vomit was discovered in the trunk and that his lungs were badly congested strengthens this theory. The detectives here have been onable to discover any clue that would lead to

THE JOLIET STRIKE.

Four Companies of State Troops There.

clearing up the mystery.

JOLIET, Ill., May 2,-Four companies of State troops numbering 254 men are nowhere under arms. The striking stone cutters number 2.003, and still maintain a threatening attitude, but no collision has as yet occurred.

Fears of a Battle. CHICAGO, May 2 .- A special to the Journal from Jollet says: "A gang of 400 strikers, it is reported, have left Lemont to join the Joliet strikers. Two companies of troops have gone to meet them and

will not be so foolbardy as to make an attack or raiuse to disperse when commanded to." Seventy Strikers Captured and Held as Prisoners.

t. e public excitement is great in consequence as

a battle is feared. It is thought that the strikers

JOLIET, Ill., May 2 .- General Vance has just sent the following dispatch to the Governor: About half past 2 p. m two hundred and fifty strikers from Lemont approached Sanger and Nobes quarries, where two companies of Colonel Bennett's command was posted. Under direction of Colonel S. W. Munn, Special Deputy Sheriff, Captain Jackson's Company was placed in ambush. Lieutenant St. Clair's Company commanded the road to Joliet. The strikers were halted by Deputy Sheriff Mune, and commanded to disperse and return to their homes unmolested, which they re fused, brandishing their cinbs. They cried, "On to Johet," 'No men shall work." The companies deployed, closing in on the flanzs, Seventy strikers were captured with the assistance of the deputies, and marched as prisoners to Joliet. They are now held as prisoners by the Sheriff in Major Wood's Battery Armory. Captain Blanchard's Company and Captain Madden's Company, two and a half miles south of

run to Lockport. Under Colonel Bennett they deployed as skirmishers, covering nearly a milfropt, and are now scouring the country between caped. Killed and wounded none. A Miscount - Senatorial Vote - Militia at .Inlint SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 2.—Incompetent clerks of

the House Committee, in recounting the ballots from the Thirteenth District yesterday, announced | The that Klupp had a majority of 810 over Mulheran. the sitting member. The clerks made an error of 1,200 in favor of Klupp. As a result of the re-In the joint Assembly Morrison received 16: Logan, 2: scattering, 2. By Adjutant General Vance's orders a Gatling gup, 5,000 rounds of ammunition, 200 overcoats and thirty-five lents were sent to Joliet this morn-

A Terre Haute Assignment.

more are expected this forenoon.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., May 2 .- Philip Schloss, a clothier, assigned this morinng to A. Herg; he also owned and operated a hat store and overall manufactory here and a clothing store in Independence, Kas. Liabilities, \$100,000; assets, \$60,-000. The cause of the failure is the overthrow of his preferences in the case of Rindkohf Brothers & Co., of New York, with whom he was a pre-ferred creditor to the extent of \$33,500 when they

The Western Union Restors the Pay for Extra Work.

CHICAGO, May 2 .- Notice has been given by the Western Union Telegraph Company that it will pay its operators here for all extra work. This is in accordance with the custom in vogue until a few months ago, for the restoration of which the operators petitioned General Superintendent

Cincinnati Postoffice in New Quarters. CINCINNATI, May 2.- The Postoffice was removed this morning to the new quarters in the new government building, on the north side of Fifth street between Walnut and Main. The building was this morning for the first time open to the

A Historic Balcony Demolished. CINCINNATI, May 2.- This afternoon while worken were removing the heavy stone cornice from the top of the Burnet House, which is being reodeled, one of the men named Leffel incau-The amount of lawful money on deposit in the tiously stepped on the edge of one of the stones. Tressury for the redemption of notes of panks related bringing several others with it. The

mass struck the balcony and broke through it into a barber snop in which were six men. The barber, Mr. Kreb, was buried under the debris but not seriously injured. The others had warning enough to enable them to escape. Leffel was instantly killed. The balcony destroyed is the one from which Lincoln, Grant, Sherman and other historic persons have made addresses or reviewed

processions GENERAL GRANT.

He Passes the Worst Night in Two Weeks -Cerebral Excitation Said to be the Cause. NEW YORK, May 2.-Last night was the worst

night with General Grant in two weeks. It was a quiet night, as quiet goes with him, but he slept only at short intervals until 6 o'clock this morn. ing, at which time he fell into a sleep that continued until 8 o'clock. He then awoke again but afterward dozed until between 9 and 10 o'clock, About 10 o'clock last eight the General settled down, as was supposed, for the night. He believed

true, and when at 11 o'clock the patient heard the Dector's voice in the hall he summoned him to the sick room. The General seemed nervous and apprehensive, and requested the Doctor not to puit the house until morning; hence Dr. Douglas mained at the house until 8:30 this morning. When the Doctor left the house he said the General's restless night might have been owing to cerebral excitation resulting from work on his book during the past two days. The weather, too, may have contributed to the restlessness of the patient. The throat and general physical conditions were not such as to have caused weariness, and the Doctor found explanation of the fact in the reasons stated. The weekly consultation wille held to-morrow. The General worked on his book to day, said

Colonel Fred Grant, for over two hours and will, on Monday, resume the dictating, after which he will take four or five days rest collecting data for further dictation. This finish the work. Of some revision will be necessary, but the General is confidet it will not be much. A statement has appeared in one of the papers that the General as resumed smoking again. Is such the fact o, answered the Colonel, there is no truth in the matter. A few days ago the doca cigar he might do so, but he has not done so and will not do so. Perhaps some parties who have seen me at the window smoking may have mistaken me for father. The General's condition is about the same, al-Pittset Ro., May 2.—There are no new develop- though the swelling in his throat has ceased very ments in the trunk mystery which was developed | perceptibly, the pain has not increased, howlast night, at father's solicitation, though he is n ? worse to night. I will have to keep visitors from morrow, we will know more definitely wast progress the disease has made.

> I think progress will be better when his book is Dr. Douglas came at 10 o'clock and will stay all

RIEL'S REBELLION.

No Reliable Information Obtained of Any More Fighting-Massacres Before Reported Confirmed.

WINNIPEG, Man., May 2,-The latest news from he frontier is contained in the following dispatch, received by Chief Commissioner Weisley this morning. It came by courier to Humboldt, the wire being down west of that point:

"FISH CREEK, MAY 2. "Thanks for all, you are doing. The steamer has stuck six miles from here below the elbow. I have sent Bedson with a team to empty her. Your idea of poules or oxen is very good. Swinford and Bell size thought of it. Our wounded are doing very well and have gone this evening to settlers' houses. I have scouted for and have seen no signs of the evemy. All houses up to Gabriel's crossing north I found vacant. It is believed that most of the occupants have been forced to join Riel. Every one here is in excel

lent spirits and anxious to get on. Yesterday afternoon a dispatch was received by the Bishop at this place from Father Clarke of Calgarry, saying that Father Yourman and beet accidentally killed by the half-breeds, and also news of the massacre of priests at Troy Lake had seen confirmed. His Grace does not know where Father Claude got his information, but presumes it must have been on good authority. The dispatch received does not give any particulars as to the date of his death.

A Sourisford correspondent writes as follows A band of Indians from Dakota passed through re-cently as they said for Moose Mountain. They were very insolent and threatened to raid some houses in this vicinity. Meeting, however, with some opposition from settlers, they continued their journey. CALGARRY, May 2, - Advices from Edmonton re-ferring to the Frog Lake massacre state that Quina

and Delaney were invited out to have a pariey and were then shot No reliable information ap pears to have been obtained of any fight Major General Strange expects to have force moving by Mondey next.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

A Tenement House takes Fire and Burns Rapidly-Eight Reported Dead.

NEW YORK, May 3 .- The Tribune says: Shortly after midnight this morning a fire broke in the five-story brick tenement house 672 Fifth avenue. The alarms soon sent out. The flames were discovered on the first floor. It extended to the roof through the air shaft, and the house soon filled with dense smoke, which prevented the occupents of the upper stories escaping. Humphrey's restaurant was in the rear, on the first floor, and he occupied rooms above the restaurant. He and his child got out safely, but Mrs. Humphreys umped from the window and broke both her legs. On the same floor Elizabeth Henley was Sanger quarry, were placed on a special train and | found dead. Ida Rauck and a child were rescued

John Handon, who helped carry Mrs. Humph-Lockbort and Sanger quarries for those who es- reys across the street, said he saw a dozen ance surgeon said fourteen people were taken from the house to Bel evue Hospital, and thought eight or nine of them were dead. Another account says: At 1 o'cleck this more ing a fire broke out in a room at the rear of John Humphrey's siquor store, at 672 First avenue. The building is five stories high, the upper stories being loccupied as a tenement louse. The room spoken of was fitted with tra-n of an inflammable nature and quickly burnet up, filling the house with smote. tenapts became panie stricken. Some jumped to the street from the windows and others sushed down stairs falling over each other and suffering injuries of more or less serious na are. All the ambulances in the city were called to the spot. At 1:30 it was found that six lives ing. Two companies of troops are there and two | had been lost, and fourteen persons injured.

The Returning Voyageurs.

Toronto, May 2 -A special telegram to the Globe from London says: "The Canadian voyageurs who have lately returned from service in Egypt, will not be sent home in a special vessel, but will return independently and at their leisure. The imperial authorities have provided the men with special tickets, good until used, so that they can see the old country before they return home, or sail at once if they desire to do so. The contingent now in London numbers fifty men, under Colonel Kennedy."

Pendleton's Departure for Germany. NEW YORK, Mar 2 - Hon. George H. Pendleton, inited States Minister to Germany, sailed this morning for Bremen on the steamer Werra. He was accompanied by his wife and two daughters, M'ss Pendleton and Mrs. J. H. Pendleton, A number of friends gathered at the dock to see them off. The departing Minister and his family were in the best or health and spirits,

Bad Bank Failure in Illinois. St. Louis, May 2.—The banking house of Ryhiner & Co., of Highland, Ill., suspended two days ago, but so far no statement of its condition has been made and nothing definite as to liabilities or assets can be stated. The opinion prevails that the failure is a bad one and that the loss to depos-

Leg Broken by a Runaway. Special to the Sentinel. GREENCASTIE, Ind., May 2.-Dr. G. W. Bence

tors will be heavy.

was thrown from his carriage this afternoon, and had his right leg broken near the ankle. His horse became frightened at a cow and ran away.

STILL PROBLEMATICAL.

Peace or War Remains an Uncertainty -Russia Advancing - England Negotiating and Making Preparations.

Attempts to Discredit Sir Peter Lumsden-Japanese Village Exhibition in London Destroyed by Fire.

ENGLAND'S POSITION.

A General Summary of Her Troubles With Russia in Asia-Her European Prospects, Etc.

LONDON, May 2.-To-night the Anglo-Russian situation is one of uncertainty. There is absolutely no war news, no peace news, and no news of truce. No one, that is, no one outside of min isterial circles, is warranted in drawing any con clusion whatsoever from this abnormal condition of affairs. It should be borne in mind when sum ming up the situation that up to the present moment Russia has given the Anglo Saxon not an item of news. Russia has acted, has advanced has waged tattle, has taken territory, but Russia has said nothing. Fugland has done all the talking, has made all the explanations; hence it is that the Czar has had no retractions to make.

But Mr. Gladstone's genius for making excuses has been so supreme that in the effort to talk against blows last Monday evening he succeeded. without saying snything, in making the greatest speech of his life, and for making it got a com-855,000,000 in cash. For forty-eight hours after the Prime Minister's oration every jingo in England was a Gladstone man, and every Quaker prayed for bim as a man of peace. The war party were sure he meant to simply wipe the Russians out of asis. The peace folks said: "There is a statesman who realizes the value of human life." After days it is found that the Premier's address is still an oracle. If it is to be peace the speech urged every honorable effort to secure an honormaterially. We kept the doctor able peace. If it is to be war the speech dwel upon the necessity of maintaining British honor, so it happens to night that Herat, the very center of old world news, no more can with any degree of certainty be said than that the Anglo Russian situation is one of uncertainty. It is probable that the situation will remain just as is until after the second council at Gatzenina. Two indications as to what the change in the situation, when it comes, will be, present themselves to the careful observer. The London newspapers which oftenst speak by ministerial inspiraion, began to day to disparage General Sir Peter Lumsden, the chief of the British Afghan Boun-darp Commission. It was Sir Peter's word which Mr. Gladstone took upon which to base the charge that the Russians had violated faith with England by occupying Pul-:-Khisti. This reported action constituted a powerful force to the war fever among Englishmen. To day it is added that Sir Peter was mistaken in each report. It is even said that he was "purposely mistaken." Some friends of the Government go even so far as to say that Peter lied to his superiors, and that he lied without purpose. It is well known that Lumsden belongs to the war party in India. It is not quite so generally known that the Indian war party is principally controlled by British military officers, who never had a chance to distinguish themselves in war, and who are desperately anxious to win recognition in battle. They saw their opportunity in the Russian advance, and it is said sir Peter has been their spokesman. Therefore if the Prime Minister of England should come squarely out and announce that England in the Afghan controversy with Russia had been deceived by English agents, many persons would not be surprised. On the other hand, it is said that the Cabinet having found good reason to abandon their warlike attitude, mean to save themselves by sacrifleing their Peter for furnishing them with belifcose messages. It is stated to night on what ap-

pears to be good authority that the report published to-day to the effect that Russia had accept ed England's proposal to have the question as to whether Russia, by fighting the battle of the 30th of March, violated the agreement of the 17th of March submitted to arbitration is untrue. The announcement is also made that a conference between Sir Edward Thornton, British Embassador at St. Petersburg, and M. De Giers, Russian minister of Foreign Affairs, is arranged for Monday next. The chief result of this important interview is expected to be the announcement of the first positive information or statement what the Russian diplomatic action is to be. Although there is in both the British and Russian ministerial circles here a belief that the conference will lead to an amicable agreement, yet in other circles it is strongly believed that Russia will not accept the English proposals. It is thought that the result will be more British concessions and further Russian advantages That portion of the English press which has hitherto been the most aggressive, is now the least aggressive and the most optimist. While all this correspondence continues between Landon and St. Petersturg, there is no cessation of the tremendous preparations and concentrations for active warfare on either side. All this points to an imale lubiure. M. De Giers has already suggested to Sir Edward Thornton that during the discussion of the question of the observance of the agreement of 17th of March, the work of de-

limiting the disputed Afghan frontier proceeded. It is said that the Russian Minister has even proposed that during the work of deinitation the Russian troops shall be withdrawn from Penideb. It is added, however, that in this proposal M. De Giers says, on the part of Russia, that in case of a doubt of the commissioners as to the rightful boundary the Lessar lines shall be accepted as the correct ones, and he insists that the commission shall be confined in its work to purely topographical considerations. These would al most certainly favor Russia. On the part of England M. De Giers asks that

pending the decision of the commission the Afghans retire from their present occupation of Zulficar. It is also reported hat M. De Giers asks that during the work of de limitation no Indian advance shall be permitted beyond Quetta. The first army corps of India has prepared to begin its march towards Pishin next week. In the diplomatic contest for alliance it would appear that England is making better progress then Russia. Beside the permission to pass her ships through the Dardanelles, it is stated that Eugland has secured an understanding which secures for her the friendly neutrality of Persia in the event of a war. The Shah of Persia, it is said, has already forbidden the Russians from conveying war-like material across Persian territory, even near Astrabad. The British agent at Teheran reports that England can secure any friendly altiance she desires

with the Shan for a British guarantee of the integrity of Persian territory and a money grant. Whether the Shah would be able to prevent Rassia from violating the terms of the alliance is, however, another question. Letters from Sophia state that Bulgarian agents are busily engaged in the work of fomenting, in Russian interest, an uprising among the Macedo-nians, Bulgarians and Albanians in the event of

a forward movement of Greek troops from the rorth or south. From Cattaro comes the news that all the Austrian garrisons are being reinforced. A number of Albanian committees have been formed in Italy to assist in resisting any Austrian advance. There is little stir in domestic politics. The Parnellites are engaged in the preparation of a plan for work in the coming electoral campa'gn, but they do not seem to be enthusiastic in the work. But thirty-five members of the party could be induced to attend the latest meeting called to formulate a plank of operations. The lrish party seek to retain fifty of their present seats in Parliament by the election of new candi-

ANGLO-RUSSIAN AFFAIRS.

England's War Preparation Still Being Pushed-The Struggle for Supremacy in Asta Begun.

LONDON, May 2.- The Admiralty's arrangements provide for the immediate dispatch of 15,000 troops to India if needed. The Government has ordered the Governors of naval stations on the Mediterranean to send reports of what stores are needed and they will be immediately supplied. The Government continues to engage fresh artisans to push the work at the dock-yards. Russian papers continue to repudiate the idea of submitting the Penjdeh affair to an inquiry or of referring the dispute to arbitration. The London Starndard says: "Whether the reply of Russia be pacific or not, it must be borne in mind that the struggle of Russia and England for su-premacy in Asia has begun. The Orientals have

keen eyes, and judge a great deal by appearances. The struggle is not one of frontiers or points, but of international morality. It is competition for tinfluence, credit and prestige, and the side that sacrifices its prestige throws away wantonly the weapon that in Asiatic warfare is found to be of keenest edge

The Turkish Agreement Doubted by Dip-

and of most trusty temper.

LONDON, May 2.- The publication of the report that an agreement had been concluded between England and Turkey, under the terms of which the former power secures free passage for her ships through the Dardsnelles in the event of war with Russia, and the Porte secures the occupation of the Soudan by way of Suakim, and the restoration of Cyprus in five years from date, has caused some concern among English diplomats. Many politicians affect disbelief of the report on the ground of the excessive consideration given by England. The report, however, emenates from a source which has been found generally reliable. and is published to-day in several of the Paris

Cabinet Courcil Hastily Summoned. London, May 2 .- A hastily summoned Cabinet council was held this evening. It is said that important telegrams from Sir Peter Lumsden, the British Commissioner, and from Sir Edward Thornton, the British Ambassador at St. Petersburg, were the cause of the speedy summons of the Ministers to council.

The German Gazette Says Peace is Assured. St. Petersburg, May 2.-The German Gazette states that it is credibly informed that peace is assured. The present diplomatic action of England is a retrograde movement, which she seeks to make as decently as possible. The Gazette, in commenting upon this information, expresses itself as skeptical about the situation being so favorable for peace as indicated.

BRUSSELS, May 2 .- Le Nord, in an editorial upon

the present condition of the relations of Russia and England, says: "No self respecting government could submit the questions at issue to arbitration. It would be impossible to find competent and impartial judges, possessing the elements requisite to insure equitable inquiry."

Impossible to Find Arbitrators.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. Japanese Village Destroyed by Fire - Sol-

diers Aid the Firemen. LONDON, May 2.-Tannoker's Japanese village which has been on exhibition for some time past at Albert Gate, Hyde Park, is on fire and burning fiercely. The village consists of five streets of

houses and shops constructed and peopled by the

Japanese, who were to be seen engaged at their various occupations, as in their own country. The Japanese village destroyed this morning by fire was located in the rear of Humphrey Hall, and had been enlarged only recently. It consisted of five streets, and contained a temple, a theater, housses wherein the villagers dwelt, and shops all filled with goods from Japan The village burned like tinder, and was destroyed completely within one hour. A hundred natives of Japan occupied the houses in the village. All escaped. The hall is still burning, and it is not thought that any part of it can be saved. The fire apparatus from all parts of London is on the ground. The fitemen are exerting themselves now to pre-vent the adjacent buildings from taking fire. The roof of the hall has fallen in and the Japanese village is entirely destroyed. Soldiers are aiding the firemen in their efforts to save property and in keeping back the immense crowd that paces the surrounding streets.

The fire in the Japanese village has been subdued. The damage to the village will amount to. \$75 coo. Other buildings were damaged to the amount of \$100,000.

Royal Academy Annual Bar quet-Granville Expects a Pacific Settlement. LONDON, May 2.- The annual banquet in honor of the spring exhibition at the Royal Academy was given this evening. Among the guests were

the Prince of Wales, several foreign ambassadors, and scores of other notable personages. Earl Granville stated this evening, after the Cabinet council, that from its latest advices the Government had every reason to believe that a pacific settlement would be arrived at with Rusia. The session of the Cabinet lasted over an hour. It is now known that a special Cabinet council, held this afternoon, was called to consider a dispatch just received from Sir Edward Thornton at St. Petersburg, in which he informs the Government that Russia had accepted, in principal, the English proposal to submit to arbiration the question of responsibility for the vioation of the sgreement of March 17 The Admiralty has chartered the steamer

Tennyson and Ruskin. LONDON, May 2 - Lord Tennyson has supplied material and notes for Polgrave's Selection of

Mr. John Ruskin has intimated his intention to resign the Slade Professorship of Fine Art at Oxord University. He promises before retiring to deliver a few final lectures to pupils and such others as will listen with becoming reverence.

Beaconsfield's Tour of the Mediterranean. Lendon, May 2 .- The Royal Academy has 2,134 works of merit above the average.

Murray, the publisher, has announced the publication of a series of letters from the late Earl of Beaconsfield to members of his family, descriptive of a tour of the Mediterranean.

Foreign Notes.

Queen Victoria and Princess Beatrice have started for home. Berlin conservative papers are protesting

against the increased luxury in military circles. The Prince of Wales has sent the Mayor of Belfast a hanesome gold pencil case as a testimonial of his regard. Severe earthquake shocks have been felt in va-

rious parts of Austria. About a dozen persons reported killed in the Styria district. The : leamer A byssinia from Liverpool April 27. for New York, before reported returning disabled, arrived off Holyhead this morning in tow.

Freight Line Consolidation Denied.

DETROIT, May 2.- The dispatch to-day from Bufalo to the effect that the Canadian Southern and Blue Line fast freight lines had been consolidated and that the general offices would be removed from Rochester to Detroit, with B. B. Mitchell as seperal Manager, is denied by that gentleman. Mr. Mitchell is to be manager of both lines, but there has been and will be no consolidation.

Pneumatic Tube Discovered in the New

Board of Trade. CHICAGO, May 2.-It is stated that the discovery was made to-day that one of the real estate managers of the new Board of Trade had connected his office and the Board with a pneumatic tube for the quick transmission of quotations, giving him an advantage over the other traders. When the fact became known the Directors ordered the

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The total exports of specie from New York during the past week were \$343,686; imports, \$219,891, Thomas Neville, a nine-year-old prisoner received from Cleveland in 1879, suicided in the penitentiary last evening by taking poison. J. W. Throckmorton, of Texas, has so far recovered from his critical illness as to be able to sit up. Hopes are now entertained of his re-

The Ohio Legislature yesterday passed a bill abolishing local boards of underwriters in that State and preventing combinations to regulate in The fire is still making headway in the mine at Preston Colliery No. 3, where the explosion oc-curred yesterday. The mules have been taken out, and preparations are being made to flood the

INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, May 3-12:42a. m. For the Ohio Valley and Tennemee-Fair winds becoming variable, slightly

For the Upper Lake Region-Slightly warmer, fair weather, variable winds.

COURT-HOUSE LOCALS.

A Divorce Suit that Promises Some Sensational Developments.

A \$10,000 Suit Against the City-The Union Railway vs. The C., H. and I. for \$20,000-Petition

for Removal of a Guardian.

Sylvester Johnson has qualified as guardian of Lizzle G. and George W. Ireland, giving bond in the sum of \$1,000.

In the case sgainst Frederick and Henrietts Buchert, for receiving stolen goods, Judge Norton yesterday found the defendants quilty. Mr. Winter, attorney for defendants, found a flaw in the indictment, and filed a motion for a new trial Firman Stout, on behalf of Sophia Brown, of asound mind, has filed a suit against Jesse Wright to have him removed from his position as guardian of Sophia Brown. For cause it is alleged the defendant has failed to provide suitable food, clothing, etc., for said ward, to pay taxes on property and to look after her properly. By an agreement of the creditors of William B.

Dickson, William Martz, as assignee, will to-morrow make a transfer of a number of pieces of property to Mary A. Dickson, mother of the Dickson rothers, in lieu of her claim against the firm for \$17,000, Mrs. Dickson holds notes secured by mortgage for the full amount, and these are due in a few days. To avoid the costs of the suit the creditors have agreed to the transfer by the assignee. Thomas Irvin has filed suit against the city and Potentia Banser for damages, falleging that at some period of time since the beginning of 1885 plaintiff, while walking along at night at the corner of West and Chesapeake streets, fell into a gutter over which loose boards had been placed. One leg was broken, and \$500 were expended for medical services. Plaintiff was confined to bed for an unknown number of weeks. and suffered the usual mental and bodily anguish, etc. Demand is made for \$10,000. The

complaint contains about three times the usual amount of repetitions in the particularizing of

facts, dates and descriptions. In support of his motion for a new trial George W. Wagner has alleged that he was surprised by plaintiff's testimony, and files the affidavit of Hattie Keely, of Columbus, showing that she is a material witness for him, and that he could not procure her attendance at the time of the trial. This was the suit in which Mary D. Winter recovered \$1,750 judgment against Wagner last week, the judgment being the value of certain property on Rohampton street held by Wagner under an agreement with Mrs Winter, and which he afterward turned over to Mrs. Clark on a compromise of a breach of promise suit. Hattie Keely in her affidavit states that on a cor-tain occasion she heard Mrs. Winter say she had received \$150 in full satisfaction of her claim against Wagner for the lot.

The Indianapolis Union Railway Company has filed suit in the Circuit Court against the C., H. and I, Road, on an account. The complaint sats out at lenghth its ownership of the Union tracks and the depot. These are in use by twelve ro entering the city, five of which are termed "constituent or proprietary" roads. The plaintiff, since the 1st of May, 1884, has also, by lease, controlled the Belt Road. Prior to that date the through freight of the tweive roads became so great that it could not be carried over the Union tracks without great inconvenience to the roads and to the public and with great canger to life and limb. To avoid the e delays and inconveniences the roads cessed their use of the Union tracks for the freight busi-ness and used the Belt Road for transfer around the city, but the C., H. and I. Road refused to abandon the use of the Union tracks. According to the contract with plaintiff defendant was to pay certain rent-als for using the tracks and the depot, which are summed up as follows: For the "interest rental." \$6,200; for expenses in operating the Union tracks and the depot, \$2,238.07; for through freight ovar the Union tracks, \$9,167.17; total, \$17,605.24. Demand and refusal is alleged and the complaint winds up with demand for \$20,000. With the complaint is a series of interrogatories to be answered by the C. H, and I. folks as to the number of cars hauled over the road from April 30 to

A cross complaint was filed yesterday by John Nixon in the suit against him by his wife, Ma-linda, for divorce. The story is not told entirely by the cross-complaint, and for a full understanding of the matter it is necessary to review briefly the history of suits heretofore filed. As far back as 1877, Nixon and wife made a deed of their farm of 100 scres to their son William, taking a note for \$6,000, secured by a mortgage on the farm. This mortgage was never recorded, and after a few months it disappeared. Nixon searched for it, and after being satisfied that it could not be found, be filed suit in 1883 to establish the mortgage and collect the interest. could not be found, he filed suit in 1883 to establish the morigage and collect the interest. This resulted in a judgment for \$2,000, and in a short time the judgment was assigned to the four daughters of John Nixon, the plaintiff. Execution was issued and the farm offered for sale by the Sheriff, which was bid in by Nixon's autorney for the assignees of the judgment. The day for redemption being passed the Sheriff's deed was made and then came another suit for deed was made, and then came another suit for possession, damages for retention, etc., which resulted in a judgment for plaintiffs. In the same year Mrs. Nixon filed suit against John Nixon for divorce in the Circuit Court, but a compromit of the matter was offered, which was so reasonab that the attorneys for the plaintiff juststed up its acceptance by their client, who, however, not so view the matter, and so the case was allowed to stand, the original complaint being still on file in the Circuit Court and the case pe ing. About two weeks ago another suit was filed by Mrs. Nixon in Boom 2, Superior Court. in which a number of charges were made and in which \$5,100 alimony was asted, mention of which suit was made at the time in the Sentinel. To this complaint John Nixon pleads the pendency of the first suit in the Circuit Court and files his cross complaint to the original suit brought by his wife against him. In this cross complaint he charges that the note and mortgage given by William his son, referred to in the foregoing, was, by conspiracy and with fraudulent intent on the part of William and his mother, abstracted and destroyed or hidden. The proposed compromise is also alleged, as well as

the refusal of Mrs. Nixon to accept it. HOIEL ARRIVALS.

New Occidental: Geo. W. Shipman, Richmond; B. S. Higgins, Lebanon: Frank B Pollard, Greens-Hurst, Speids J. M. Wiler, Laporte: Geo. W. Mercer, Tipton. Hotel English: William Busenger, Michigan City: J. W. Menzies, Ed Irving, Willis Gordon,

New Castle: T. Fitzmaurice and son, Columbus . S. Dare, Jr., E. M. Shapp. Bloomington; S. A. Jones, S. E. Jones, S. E. Dunn, Muncie. Pates House: David E. Beem. Nathaniel D. Cor. Rolla Barris, Spencer. W. R. Henderson, Martinsville: G. M. Haim, A. S. Knapp, J. F. Bailard, Columbus: A. B. Burton, Richmond; Robert Hat-ten, Plainfield: J. R. Jackson, Union City; W. J. Conningham, Lafayette: Henry B. Lowe, Kokomo: James D. Peters, R. C. Peters, Lebanon; Louis Pugh, Shelbyville; John M. Morris, New Caste; E. Hubbard, Brazil; Thomas D. Evans, William McMain, Liberty; J. E. Brunson, Muncle; Thomas

Grand Hotel: Henry E. Cook, Evansville; T. J. Smith, Frankfort Alex. B. Patterson and daughter, Aurora: George C. Columbia, Lawrenceburg; Miss Susie R. Wilson, Mis. Bertha Moore, Enightstown; A. L. Beck, Huntington; S. H. Payor, Washington: J. E. Longtry, Monticello: W. R.

Wimmer, Hagerstown. Rev. Bodine's Lecture.

Rev. W. B. Bodine, D. D., of Kenyon College, Ohio, will deliver, at the chapel of St. Paul's Cathedral, on next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, a lecture upon "Little Things as Turning Prints in Life," and under the auspices of the Layman's Union of the parish. From a practical educational standpoint, this lecture will be valuable, as Dr. Bodine sids to an enviable reputation as an elequent and popular preacher the clearness of great fertility of thought and faculty of expression, matured through a term of eight years, dovoted to the management of the interests of Kenyon College. Parents who are anxious about educating their children, and children beginning to want to realize the expectations of their parents, will all profit alike from this lecture.

Bly Used a Hammer.

John Kennedy, bar-tender at Harry Clark's place, and James Bly became involved in an litercation on East Washington street late last night, and the last named finally seized a hammer, striking Kennedy a heavy blow on the head. Kennedy's wound, which is not a serious one, was dressed by Police Sur-geon Hodges.